

Irish Officials In N. Y. Resign Over Reprisals

D. C. McGrath Announces Break With Dublin When He Gets Threat Signed 'Re- publican Army Authority'

Ordered to Leave U. S. Declares He and Predecessor Quit Before Receiving Anonymous Missive

The fact of a break between the official representatives of the Irish Free State in New York and their government in Dublin became known yesterday through the publication of a threatening letter sent to Daniel C. McGrath, who has recently been in charge of the Free State consulate in New York. The letter, signed "Republican Army Authority," threatened McGrath with reprisals unless he left the country before December 25.

Mr. McGrath's reply is that he will do nothing of the sort, and he adds that both he and Joseph Connolly, his former consul, have resigned their positions, because they refuse to countenance reprisals on the leaders of the Irish republican movement.

The letter, postmarked Grand Central Station and typewritten, was addressed to "Honorable James McGrath, Irish Consul."

McGrath's reply is that he will do nothing of the sort, and he adds that both he and Joseph Connolly, his former consul, have resigned their positions, because they refuse to countenance reprisals on the leaders of the Irish republican movement.

The letter, postmarked Grand Central Station and typewritten, was addressed to "Honorable James McGrath, Irish Consul."

Irish Republicans Want To Know Where O'Mara Is

The Supreme Court will be called upon next Tuesday to act as arbiter in a new issue that has arisen between the authorities of the Irish Free State and the republican element headed by Eamon de Valera and his supporters here. It concerns the fund raised in this country in furtherance of the cause of the Republic of Ireland.

Stephen M. O'Mara, formerly one of the trustees of this fund, valued at \$100,000, is one of the so-called irregulars in Ireland and now is in the custody of the Free State. There is a proceeding pending through which the representatives of the Irish Free State in New York are seeking to obtain possession of this fund. John P. Finerty, a lawyer of Washington, D. C., acting for the De Valera republican element, through Martin Conboy, obtained from Justice Mullen yesterday an order directing Michael Fogarty, representative of the Free State, to show cause on Tuesday why he should not divulge the place where O'Mara is being held in custody.

Mr. Finerty, in his affidavit, stated that the testimony of O'Mara as to the manner in which the fund for the Irish republic was collected was needed and was important to the defense of the fund. He stated that he was seeking to recover the money now on deposit in banks and trust companies here, under court order.

It appears to be said, Mr. Finerty, "that the Free State might execute O'Mara before his testimony as to how the fund was raised could be taken."

It is contended by the Washington attorney that O'Mara is being unlawfully detained by force of arms.

Mr. Finerty said that he had received communications from De Valera and O'Mara, the latter from the latter antedating his arrest. O'Mara said that he would come to the United States in January, "if alive." He also is quoted as saying: "I have no doubt that they will arrest or shoot me rather than permit me to defend the case. They have no case."

Mr. Finerty and his fellow republicans argue that the De Valera element, now in existence, is not the same body that existed before the formation of the Irish Free State and that money collected here was for the sole use of the republic of Ireland and that the Irish Free State has no claim to it.

Survives Wife Only 2 Hours

ATLANTIC CITY, Dec. 18.—Albert P. Lake, seventy-six years old, died from shock to-day at his home in Pleasantville two hours after the death of his wife, Harriet. Her death was due to pneumonia. Mr. Lake was one of the principal owners of the Toll Road, the only vehicular thoroughfare giving access to this city until about twenty years ago, when the privately-owned road was abandoned.

Chief Joy Christian Jailed for Toting "Sacred" Home Brew

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 18.—Stanley Copeland, leader of the "Joy Christians," the new religious cult, widely advertised as putting spirits into religion, is in jail to-night, charged with violating the Volstead law by having a bottle of home brew in his possession and being about to serve it to members of his flock on Sunday last.

Copeland was arrested Sunday afternoon by Deputy United States Marshal Mix. He was arraigned before United States Commissioner Smith and a hearing fixed for December 21.

Copeland said he wanted no bail set and went to jail. He will be his own attorney.

At a meeting a week ago to-night

Mother Starves Baby Chimpanzee to Death

The baby chimpanzee in the New York Zoological Park in the Bronx died yesterday, starved to death by its mother, Susette, as its two predecessors were. It has been found impossible to rear the young of this species in captivity, as their mothers refuse to nurse them.

Susette still clings to her dead baby, all efforts of the keepers to gain possession of it proving futile. Last year when Susette's offspring died Head Keeper Toohey had to disguise himself as a woman and commiserate with the bereaved mother for hours before she would surrender it to him.

Manufacturers Ask Immediate Easing Of Immigration Law

Illinois Conference Suggests Selective Policy and That the Government Educate Aliens During Probation

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—Immediate action in the revision of the immigration law by the Federal government to correct a shortage in farm and industrial labor and bring relief to the high cost of living is asked in a resolution passed to-day by the National Conference of State Manufacturers' Associations.

A policy of selective immigration is approved in the resolution and the suggestion made that the Federal government assert the right and assume the responsibility of controlling the entry of immigrants during the probation period of their stay.

General opinion of the country at large is against any tampering with the present immigration law. Professor E. A. Steiner, of Grinnell College, Grinnell, Iowa, told the assembled manufacturers.

Ellis Island, he said, is not worthy of the United States. The law under which immigrants are handled were created by Professor Steiner more than the personnel of the receiving station.

John W. O'Leary, chairman of the Immigration committee of the United States Chamber of Commerce, declared the illiteracy test now given immigrants is unfair and unsound.

William Butterworth, chairman of the meeting, declared that the common labor has left America in the last few years than has come in. He declared for a restriction law which would meet the needs of the country and not be based on the percentage of citizens from other nations.

Camera Catches Syracuse Ku-Klux's Inner Shrine

SYRACUSE, Dec. 18.—A flashlight photograph showing 150 candidates kneeling before the blazing cross of the Ku-Klux Klan in a secret shrine, taken by a newspaper photographer, was shown to-day in the city hall, administered the oath of membership, the souvenir a newspaper photographer here carried away from a Klan initiation at which he was an invited guest. The picture, with a copyrighted story, appeared in the Syracuse "Journal" to-night. It is the first authentic account of a Klan initiation in New York State.

The photographer, who remained hidden until he touched off his flashlight, was forced to swear he would not reveal the meeting place or the identity of any of the members before he was permitted to go.

The Klan already has 2,000 members in Onondaga County, with 25,000 as its goal, and that meetings are held regularly and frequently. The newspaper learned from the Klansman that the inner secrets of the order only amuse its members. The Klan leader said. He defended the aims of the organization and denied the charge of its critics.

"We want only pure Americans interested in their country and the preservation of the Anglo-Saxon race, and we accept only after careful investigation," he asserted.

Initiates are required to swear "to preserve the ideals of the men who signed the Declaration of Independence and who drafted the Constitution," the Klansman said.

The order plans to make Syracuse a "100 per cent city," and though it has taken no part in the city's politics hitherto, it is not likely to hold aloof much longer, he added.

U. S. Jazz Orchestras Protested in Commons

International complications arising from the exportation to England of American jazz orchestras are threatened, according to recent advice from London, where the question is regarded as sufficiently grave to provoke a question on the floor of the House of Commons.

"Tough, but it can't be helped," is the reply of Paul Specht, New York impresario of syncope, who is chiefly responsible for the "invasion" which has the British public working up. Specht is the manager of twenty-two jazz orchestras. Recently he sent two parties of musical missionaries to London, where they have been showered with applause by the British public and with wreaths of wild raspberries by the English musicians, whose noses they have pushed out of joint.

The official protest made in the House of Commons was by C. J. Jesson, who objects to the "importation of alien handmen into London hotels and music halls while many British players, equally good musicians, are unable to obtain engagements and are compelled to draw the unemployment dole."

According to Specht, the British musicians simply can't do jazz music the way it is done in New York.

No Thief Burglar-Proof Strongbox

because an electric alarm will start ringing the instant box is moved, alarm cannot be stopped until box has been unlocked and opened. Handmade made of heavy machine steel, inside plate is 1/2 inch thick. Inside wide and 4 inches high. Recommended by burglary insurance companies. This Strongbox solves the home safe and Christmas gift problems.

Special Retail Price \$15

Representative will gladly demonstrate this Strongbox—no obligation to purchase. Write or phone us today.

Chipp Incorporated
120 Liberty St., New York City
Phone Naylor 5724.

Asserts French Policy Parallels Ours in Alaska

Philip Kerr, Formerly Sec- retary to Lloyd George, Says Peace and Security on Rhine Nation's Aim

Too Many Bricks Thrown Sees Radical Change From Former Attitude of U. S. in Speech at Town Hall

France, in adhering to a purely militaristic policy concerning her frontiers on the Rhine, is animated fundamentally by motives not dissimilar to those of the United States in her purchase of Alaska, occupation of Hawaii and intervention in South American affairs—a desire for peace and security. This is the opinion of Philip Kerr, secretary to Lloyd George during the war, expressed in an address in Town Hall last night before the League for Political Education.

The desire to keep Russia from remaining upon the American continent, to keep Japan more than 1,000 miles off the Pacific Coast and to preserve the Monroe Doctrine are not letting Europe beyond a certain point in South America, were perfectly understandable and defensible, he observed, as is the wish of France to make the Rhine a natural barrier to Germany should Germany again invade French territory, and, if such another crisis should come, to keep the fighting on German soil.

Too Many Bricks Thrown

"I used to think that you Americans threw too many roses at France," he said. "Now I think you throw too many bricks. As I see it, at the peace conference the French delegates said: 'We know you in the United States believe this has been a war and we don't think so. We want security.' The outcome of it was that a treaty of guaranty was agreed upon for Great Britain and the United States to go to the assistance of France in case of aggression. With that agreement France signed. Neither nation—draw no distinctions between them—has fulfilled its agreement. France has consequently returned to a purely military plan; she had no alternative. However short-sighted that plan may seem to us, we've no right to throw bricks."

Mr. Kerr believes world peace will never come until there is a federation of European states of some sort which will provide a machinery other than the two now existent for settling international disputes. Internationally, states are just like animals, he said, and they are sharpening their teeth and claws because there is no means besides diplomacy and force whereby a state can ascertain the collective opinion of mankind. He sees no way that nations can avoid pending arguments so long as there is no other machinery to settle international differences in a Europe which is honeycombed with small states, each thinking solely in terms of itself.

Love Seems To Be The Way

Questions raised upon the speaker after he had concluded. One earnest young man in the gallery said that after working for eight years, night and day, he'd found a solution of the world's problem, and asked Mr. Kerr how he could get his solution to the newspapers. Mr. Kerr replied that the newspapers print only things which interest the people. A woman down stairs asked whether Mr. Kerr didn't think love was the only real solution, and Mr. Kerr said it was.

He evaded a question as to what America should do to promote world peace by remarking that there didn't seem to be much enthusiasm here over the utterances of "candid friends from the outside."

Rodman Wanamaker to Head Big Store System

Salvation Army to Hold Memorial Services for Late Benefactor To-morrow Evening

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18.—Rodman Wanamaker is expected to become the titular head of the John Wanamaker corporations, succeeding his father, John Wanamaker, was president of the two corporations known as John Wanamaker, Philadelphia, and John Wanamaker, New York.

Rodman Wanamaker, as first vice-president of the corporations, has attended to all the details of management for several years, leaving his father free to interest himself in outside matters.

Officials of the Wanamaker organization said to-day that the assumption of the title of president by Rodman Wanamaker was a foregone conclusion, and that the organization of the stores, both in this city and New York, was already so complete as to make any important changes unnecessary.

Christmas Furs At Notable Reductions

For Afternoon and Evening Occasions
Full Length Effects

Choice Natural Mink Coat	\$2,350
((\$2,950 Value)	
Kolinsky Cape	\$1,250
((\$2,200 Value)	
Natural Mink Cape	\$1,095
((\$1,500 Value)	

Sport and Daytime Styles
In the Shorter Lengths

Natural Mink Coat	\$650
((\$950 Value)	
Black Caracul Coat	\$450
((\$650 Value)	
Taupe Nutria Coat	\$225
((\$295 Value)	
Natural Muskrat Coat	\$175
((\$295 Value)	

Smaller Christmas Suggestions
Exquisite Novelties—Costume Jewelry—Fragrant Perfumes Imported from France and the Orient have been especially priced for the Holidays.

Papers Cancel Contract With Lloyd George

"The New York Times" and "Chicago Tribune" Not to Print War Memoirs of British Ex-Premier

He Is Writing for Others Organization Signs for Weekly Articles, So Two Publications Quit Plan

"The New York Times" announces this morning that at its instance and at that of "The Chicago Tribune" the contract which the two American newspapers had entered into with former Premier David Lloyd George of Great Britain for the serial rights to his war memoirs in the United States and other countries of the Western Hemisphere has been cancelled.

The contract entered into between Lloyd George and an American syndicate for the publication of weekly and fortnightly articles on current topics at a time when the memoirs might still be running in serial form is the reason given for the cancellation of the other contract, which involved a payment of \$40,000 to the British ex-Premier. To-day's announcement adds that legal proceedings were begun against Lloyd George before the contract was broken off.

Work was declared in progress in announcing the cancellation "The New York Times" says:

"The contract was signed after representations had been made by the agent for the work had been begun and was then in progress, and that, although Mr. Lloyd George might soon retire from office and thus gain more time to devote to the work, yet it was not until after the cancellation of the contract that Mr. Lloyd George decided to publish his memoirs by January 1, 1923, and the remainder as rapidly as possible. However, to meet the contingency of Mr. Lloyd George's long continuance in office and arduous occupation with governmental affairs, a period of two years was allowed for the completion of the work."

"With great surprise, therefore, 'The New York Times' learned on November 23 that Mr. Lloyd George, who had just retired from the office of Prime Minister, was about to enter into a contract with an American syndicate to write weekly and fortnightly articles on current topics for a period that, under a proposed option, might be extended to 100 weeks, overlap the two-year period within which the memoirs were to be completed, and, in the opinion of the publishers, endangering their delivery and impairing their value."

"The two newspapers at once made energetic protest, but on the following day, November 24, Mr. Lloyd George entered into the proper course whereupon they urged that the proper course was the cancellation of their contract for the purchase of the memoirs. Mr. Lloyd George replied that 'The New York Times' and 'The Chicago Tribune' either in letter or in spirit, and that the memoirs would not be delayed."

"Exception" Surprises Lloyd George. Mr. Lloyd George wrote to "The Times" subsequently as follows:

"18 Abingdon Street, Westminster, S. W. 1, December 1, 1922.

"Dear Sir: It is with great surprise that I learn that you take exception to the contract I have signed with the 'United Press' for a series of articles on current politics, on the ground that the value of my book on the war will be interfered with by the appearance of these articles before the book is published. I cannot take your view that a series of short articles not encroaching in the least upon the material of the book can possibly influence the arrangements you have made for publication of the serial rights."

"Moreover, I can assure you that the date of publication of my war memoirs will not be delayed by reason of my contract with the United Press. I am already engaged, and am employing the assistance of others, in accumulating material for these volumes. As the only Minister who held high office right through the war, I imagine my book will be a contribution which no other person is in a position to make to the story of that tremendous event. Such a work is bound to take time, for all the facts must be carefully considered and verified, and the utmost care will be required in their compilation. It is not desirable, therefore, that the preparation should be hurried, and I intend to take ample time over it, at the same time avoiding any unnecessary delay."

"On the other hand, I never supposed for one moment that the contract which I signed with you would preclude me from the publication of political articles. Had there been such a clause in the contract I would never have signed it. Apart from my memoirs, I always intended to write as soon as I left office. I have my living to earn. After seventeen years in office I have retired a poor man, and it is absolutely imperative that I should turn to writing as a means of livelihood. The proceeds of the book for which you hold the serial rights are, as you know, to be given to charity."

"The terms of my contract are explicit, and I have not deviated from them. But I hate the idea of standing on the legal interpretation. I therefore set forth the above reasons for your judgment lest you should imagine that I am standing merely on the letter of my bond while making illegitimate profit for myself by infringing its spirit. Yours, 'LLOYD GEORGE.'"

Lloyd George's solicitor wrote later to the lawyer for "The Times" offering to dissolve the agreement. The offer was accepted, with assurance of continued esteem from both parties to the contract.

House Ousts Virginian in 1920 Vote Case

Harrison, Democrat, Unseated for Republican, Will Return After March 4 as Victor Last Fall

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Representative Thomas W. Harrison, Democrat, of the 7th Virginia District, was ousted to-day from the House of Representatives on the ground of irregularities in the 1920 election in his district. The vote was 202 to 100. The House then seated John Paul, Republican contestant, who will serve until March. The vote on this was 201 to 99. Mr. Harrison was elected last November and will return to his seat in the new Congress.

Charges Patronage Sold.

In a parting speech Mr. Harrison charged that the life of the Republican party in his state was based on patronage, and then proceeded to read letters which he declared "proved incontrovertibly" that patronage had been sold there.

Amid the utmost confusion in the chamber Mr. Harrison declared that Representative Slemph, of the 9th Virginia District, and Republican national committeeman, was the dispenser of all patronage. Then, holding aloft a handful of letters and canceled checks, Mr. Harrison exclaimed:

"The people of the country do not altogether understand Virginia Republican politics. It is a matter of patronage and a question of how they can feed at the public trough. I have been hearing that offices were sold for what money there was in it, and I have right here the incontrovertible proof of it. Then, holding aloft a handful of letters and canceled checks, Mr. Harrison exclaimed:

"The people of the country do not altogether understand Virginia Republican politics. It is a matter of patronage and a question of how they can feed at the public trough. I have been hearing that offices were sold for what money there was in it, and I have right here the incontrovertible proof of it. Then, holding aloft a handful of letters and canceled checks, Mr. Harrison exclaimed:

"The people of the country do not altogether understand Virginia Republican politics. It is a matter of patronage and a question of how they can feed at the public trough. I have been hearing that offices were sold for what money there was in it, and I have right here the incontrovertible proof of it. Then, holding aloft a handful of letters and canceled checks, Mr. Harrison exclaimed:

Includes Other States

"He is the dispenser of all patronage," he added. "He is the man who has to give his endorsement to anybody that applies, not only in my own state, but also, as I understand, in other states."

"I picked up a few checks—checks, gentlemen, by the bushel. They are endorsed, some of them, by Mr. Slemph, and some of them by Mr. Howard, as his secretary."

Mr. Slemph, interrupting, demanded the date, and Mr. Harrison replied that they seemed to run over a year, from December, 1920, to January, 1922. The checks were not read into the record. Mr. Harrison said most of them were drawn to Mr. Slemph and Mr. Howard and signed by B. R. Powell, whom he later described as a patronage referee. Most of the amounts were under \$100, he said, and several went to the Republican committee.

Slemph Issues Denial

While he made no reply in the House, Mr. Slemph, in a statement to-night, said that neither Powell nor anybody else had been authorized to connect collection of money for the party organization with the promise of office, and if this had been done it was without his knowledge or approval.

The first of the letters read by Mr. Harrison purported to have been written by Mr. Slemph to Powell in answer to letters "in regard to the collection of money for potestoes."

"One must be very careful about this," the letter said. "It will bring the party into disrepute, which would be bad for everyone. We must preserve our stand with the people and the Administration."

Bulgaria Minister Bombed

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Dec. 18 (By The Associated Press).—A bomb was thrown to-night at the automobile of M. Daskaloff, Minister of Interior, drew away from the Parliament Building, where the Minister had attended the session. No one was hurt and no damage done.

House Ousts Virginian in 1920 Vote Case

Harrison, Democrat, Unseated for Republican, Will Return After March 4 as Victor Last Fall

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Representative Thomas W. Harrison, Democrat, of the 7th Virginia District, was ousted to-day from the House of Representatives on the ground of irregularities in the 1920 election in his district. The vote was 202 to 100. The House then seated John Paul, Republican contestant, who will serve until March. The vote on this was 201 to 99. Mr. Harrison was elected last November and will return to his seat in the new Congress.

Charges Patronage Sold.

In a parting speech Mr. Harrison charged that the life of the Republican party in his state was based on patronage, and then proceeded to read letters which he declared "proved incontrovertibly" that patronage had been sold there.

Amid the utmost confusion in the chamber Mr. Harrison declared that Representative Slemph, of the 9th Virginia District, and Republican national committeeman, was the dispenser of all patronage. Then, holding aloft a handful of letters and canceled checks, Mr. Harrison exclaimed:

"The people of the country do not altogether understand Virginia Republican politics. It is a matter of patronage and a question of how they can feed at the public trough. I have been hearing that offices were sold for what money there was in it, and I have right here the incontrovertible proof of it. Then, holding aloft a handful of letters and canceled checks, Mr. Harrison exclaimed:

"The people of the country do not altogether understand Virginia Republican politics. It is a matter of patronage and a question of how they can feed at the public trough. I have been hearing that offices were sold for what money there was in it, and I have right here the incontrovertible proof of it. Then, holding aloft a handful of letters and canceled checks, Mr. Harrison exclaimed:

Includes Other States

"He is the dispenser of all patronage," he added. "He is the man who has to give his endorsement to anybody that applies, not only in my own state, but also, as I understand, in other states."

"I picked up a few checks—checks, gentlemen, by the bushel. They are endorsed, some of them, by Mr. Slemph, and some of them by Mr. Howard, as his secretary."

Mr. Slemph, interrupting, demanded the date, and Mr. Harrison replied that they seemed to run over a year, from December, 1920, to January, 1922. The checks were not read into the record. Mr. Harrison said most of them were drawn to Mr. Slemph and Mr. Howard and signed by B. R. Powell, whom he later described as a patronage referee. Most of the amounts were under \$100, he said, and several went to the Republican committee.

Slemph Issues Denial

While he made no reply in the House, Mr. Slemph, in a statement to-night, said that neither Powell nor anybody else had been authorized to connect collection of money for the party organization with the promise of office, and if this had been done it was without his knowledge or approval.

The first of the letters read by Mr. Harrison purported to have been written by Mr. Slemph to Powell in answer to letters "in regard to the collection of money for potestoes."

"One must be very careful about this," the letter said. "It will bring the party into disrepute, which would be bad for everyone. We must preserve our stand with the people and the Administration."

Bulgaria Minister Bombed

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Dec. 18 (By The Associated Press).—A bomb was thrown to-night at the automobile of M. Daskaloff, Minister of Interior, drew away from the Parliament Building, where the Minister had attended the session. No one was hurt and no damage done.

the same time avoiding any unnecessary delay.

"On the other hand, I never supposed for one moment that the contract which I signed with you would preclude me from the publication of political articles. Had there been such a clause in the contract I would never have signed it. Apart from my memoirs, I always intended to write as soon as I left office. I have my living to earn. After seventeen years in office I have retired a poor man, and it is absolutely imperative that I should turn to writing as a means of livelihood. The proceeds of the book for which you hold the serial rights are, as you know, to be given to charity."

"The terms of my contract are explicit, and I have not deviated from them. But I hate the idea of standing on the legal interpretation. I therefore set forth the above reasons for your judgment lest you should imagine that I am standing merely on the letter of my bond while making illegitimate profit for myself by infringing its spirit. Yours, 'LLOYD GEORGE.'"

Lloyd George's solicitor wrote later to the lawyer for "The Times" offering to dissolve the agreement. The offer was accepted, with assurance of continued esteem from both parties to the contract.

Kilroe Wins Point in Suit

Gets Supreme Court Writ to See Grand Jury Minutes

Justice Martin, of the Supreme Court, handed down a decision yesterday granting the application of former Assistant District Attorney Edwin P. Kilroe for permission to examine the minutes of the Almiral grand jury, which indicted him on charges of conspiracy and compounding a felony by permitting the dismissal of a bigamy charge against Napoleon A. Bourrasse, a stock broker.

He was tried before the late Justice Barlow S. Weeks and found guilty. The Appellate Division reversed the conviction on the ground that Justice Weeks had made errors prejudicial to the defendant and granted a new trial. In preparation for the second trial Mr. Kilroe asked for permission to inspect the minutes of the grand jury.

Coler Names A. J. Smith

Commissioner Bird S. Coler, of the Department of Public Welfare, yesterday appointed Augustus J. Smith, a special deputy commissioner of the department. Mr. Smith will be in charge of the Psychopathic, General and Children's Hospitals. He has been a special agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, a captain of the 29th Precinct Police Reserve and a trustee of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Coler Names A. J. Smith

Commissioner Bird S. Coler, of the Department of Public Welfare, yesterday appointed Augustus J. Smith, a special deputy commissioner of the department. Mr. Smith will be in charge of the Psychopathic, General and Children's Hospitals. He has been a special agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, a captain of the 29th Precinct Police Reserve and a trustee of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Coler Names A. J. Smith

Commissioner Bird S. Coler, of the Department of Public Welfare, yesterday appointed Augustus J. Smith, a special deputy commissioner of the department. Mr. Smith will be in charge of the Psychopathic, General and Children's Hospitals. He has been a special agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, a captain of the 29th Precinct Police Reserve and a trustee of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Coler Names A. J. Smith

Commissioner Bird S. Coler, of the Department of Public Welfare, yesterday appointed Augustus J. Smith, a special deputy commissioner of the department. Mr. Smith will be in charge of the Psychopathic, General and Children's Hospitals. He has been a special agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, a captain of the 29th Precinct Police Reserve and a trustee of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Coler Names A. J. Smith

Commissioner Bird S. Coler, of the Department of Public Welfare, yesterday appointed Augustus J. Smith, a special deputy commissioner of the department. Mr. Smith will be in charge of the Psychopathic, General and Children's Hospitals. He has been a special agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, a captain of the 29th Precinct Police Reserve and a trustee of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Coler Names A. J. Smith

Commissioner Bird S. Coler, of the Department of Public Welfare, yesterday appointed Augustus J. Smith, a special deputy commissioner of the department. Mr. Smith will be in charge of the Psychopathic, General and Children's Hospitals. He has been a special agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, a captain of the 29th Precinct Police Reserve and a trustee of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Coler Names A. J. Smith

Commissioner Bird S. Coler, of the Department of Public Welfare, yesterday appointed Augustus J. Smith, a special deputy commissioner of the department. Mr. Smith will be in charge of the Psychopathic, General and Children's Hospitals. He has been a special agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, a captain of the 29th Precinct Police Reserve and a trustee of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

GORHAM

STERLING SILVER ARTICLES
SILVER PLATED WARE
JEWELRY, WATCHES AND BRONZES
HAND BAGS, TRAVELING CASES
UMBRELLAS, CANES AND STATIONERY
ECCLESIASTICAL WARES

FIFTH AVENUE AT THIRTY-SIXTH STREET
17 MAIDEN LANE

which indicted him on charges of conspiracy and compounding a felony by permitting the dismissal of a bigamy charge against Napoleon A. Bourrasse, a stock broker.

He was tried before the late Justice Barlow S. Weeks and found guilty. The Appellate Division reversed the conviction on the ground that Justice Weeks had made errors prejudicial to the defendant and granted a new trial. In preparation for the second trial Mr. Kilroe asked for permission to inspect the minutes of the grand jury.

Saks & Company

Broadway At 34th Street

On the Second Floor Today
A MOST EXTRAORDINARY SALE of
14-kt. Gold-Mounted Wallets
at 2.95

Incomparable values and very handsome gifts that are sure to implant sincere gratitude in the heart of any man

HIP or three fold models, exceptionally well made of genuine pin seal. Each wallet is fully equipped with card pockets, full length bill compartment and tuck pockets. Mounted with two 14-kt. gold corners, clips and plate for monogram—they are worth 6.50 each.

Give Him a Dozen Pairs of These FULL FASHIONED Silk Hose at 85¢ a pair

Full-fashioned silk socks, reinforced at heels and toes with excellent quality four thread lisle. Every pair is finished with lisle cuffs as well to assure their durability and desirability. Can be had in black, white, cordovan, navy or gray. At 85¢ they will stand the acid test of comparison!

Important Christmas Offerings of Men's Sweaters and Vests

all at the extremely modest price of
5.00

Elastic Rib Stitch Coat Sweaters, in a host of desirable color combinations, as well as solid black, navy or gray. Each sweater is finished with two warm and convenient pockets. Very comfortable indeed, for outdoor occasions!

Pure Worsted Vests, attractively set-off with leather buttons. Handsome two-tone combinations of camel's hair to choose from. Ideal for cold weather and as warm as toast!

Camel's Hair Sport Sweaters, in pull-over models with round neck. The sleeves come in natural tan shade. Surprise him with one of these for Christmas—they are great for 5.00!

Shaker Pull-Over Sweaters with luxurious roll collars, are excellent for hiking and various other purposes. The color range includes brown, maroon, heather, navy and oxford. These sweaters are very much in demand and are certain to move in rapid order this morning!